

96-well Serum/Plasma Fatty Acid Kit Non-Esterified Fatty Acids Detection- 240 Sample Kit Cat# SFA-2.5

INSTRUCTION MANUAL (ZBM-28)

STORAGE CONDITIONS

- Reagents & Buffers: 4°C
- Blank assay plates (96-well): Room Temperature

For in vitro Use Only

LIMITED PRODUCT WARRANTY

This warranty limits our liability to replacement of this product. No other warranties of any kind, express or implied, including without limitation, implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are provided by Zen-Bio, Inc. Zen-Bio, Inc. shall have no liability for any direct, indirect, consequential, or incidental damages arising out of the use, the results of use, or the inability to use this product.

ORDERING INFORMATION AND TECHNICAL SERVICES

- Zen-Bio, Inc.
- 3200 Chapel Hill-Nelson Blvd., Suite 104
- PO Box 13888
- Research Triangle Park, NC 27709
- Telephone (919) 547-0692
 Facsimile (FAX) (919) 547-0693
- Toll Free 1-866-ADIPOSE (866)-234-7673
- Electronic mail (e-mail) information@zen-bio.com
 World Wide Web http://www.zen-bio.com

96-well Serum/Plasma Fatty Acid Kit

(Cat# SFA-2.5-240 samples)

Introduction:

This kit is designed to accurately determine the amount of free fatty acid present in blood serum or plasma of humans, mice, rats, and other animals in a 96-well format for increased throughput analysis. Blood can be collected in plain evacuated tubes or in the presence of common anti-coagulants: sodium citrate, ammonium oxalate and EDTA. **NOTE: Heparin or Heparinized tubes should not be used because this will generate inaccurate readings.** Serum should be separated from clotted blood by centrifugation as soon as possible and may be stored frozen (-20°C) prior to analysis.

Principle of the assay:

Assessment of serum fatty acids is through a coupled reaction to measure non-Esterified fatty acids (NEFA). The initial step, carried out by acyl-CoA synthetase (ACS), produces fatty acyl-CoA thiol esters from the NEFA, ATP, Mg, and CoA in the reaction.

The acyl-CoA derivatives react with oxygen in the presence of acyl-CoA oxidase (ACOD) to produce hydrogen peroxide. Hydrogen peroxide in the presence of peroxidase (POD) allows the oxidative condensation of 3-methyl-N-ethyl-N-(β -hydroxyethyl)-aniline with 4-aminoantipyrine which forms a purple product that absorbs light at 550nm. This allows the concentration of NEFA to be determined from the optical density measured at 540 - 550nm.

Acyl-CoA +
$$O_2$$
 ACOD 2,3-trans-Enoyl-CoA + H_2O_2

$$C_2H_5$$
 C_2H_4OH
 C_2H_4OH
 C_2H_4OH

Items included in the kit:

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	Cap Color	UNIT	QTY	STORAGE
Assay Plate, Plate	96-well assay plate, blank		PLATE	3	
Dilution Buffer	12 ml		BOTTLE	1	4°C
FFA Standard	1mM Stock. See page 3 for standard curve	AMBER	100µl/	1	4°C
	preparation		VIAL		
FFA Diluent A		YELLOW	50ML	1	4°C
FFA Diluent B		PINK	25ML	1	4°C
FFA Reagent A	Reconstitute using 50 ml FFA Diluent A. Discard	YELLOW	BOTTLE	1	4°C
	remainder after 10 days				
FFA Reagent B	Reconstitute using 25 ml FFA Diluent B. Discard	PINK	BOTTLE	1	4°C
	remainder after 3 weeks				
Tray	For multi-channel pipetters, clear polyvinyl	CLEAR	EACH	2	

Other equipment/reagents required but not provided with the kit:

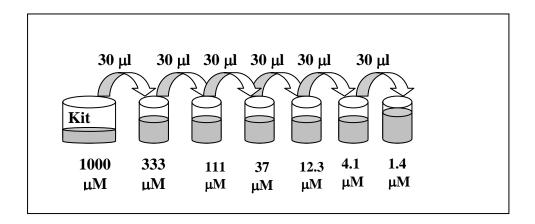
- Multi-channel Pipet, single channel pipet and pipet tips
- Plate reader with a filter of 540 nm
- Incubator at 37°C
- Large gauge needle

Assay Procedure

1. Prepare the standard curve using the STANDARD SOLUTION as follows:

Briefly spin down the contents of the free fatty acid standard tube before reconstitution. Standards are: 0, 1.4, 4.1, 12.3, 37, 111, 333, and $1000 \mu M$ fatty acid. Prepare as follows:

The kit standard solution is the 1.0 mM standard. Pipette 60 μ l of Dilution Buffer into 6 tubes. Pipette 30 μ l of the FFA Standard Stock into a tube labeled 333 μ M. Prepare a dilution series as depicted below. Mix each new dilution thoroughly before proceeding to the next. The Dilution Buffer alone serves as the zero standard.



- 2. Also at this time prepare the FFA Reagent A by adding 50ml FFA Diluent A per bottle and gently invert. DO NOT VORTEX! Store any remaining solution at 2-8°C; it is stable for 10 days after reconstitution refrigerated (2-8°C).
- 3. Add 5 μ l (or 1 10 μ l) of serum or plasma to a well of Plate A. Add 45 μ l of dilution buffer to each well to total 50 μ l including serum or plasma sample. Add 50 μ l of each standard to empty wells (use PLATE B if necessary).
- 4. Add the reconstituted FFA Reagent A to one of the disposable trays provided in the kit. Add 50 μl of FFA Reagent A to each well. Gently shake the plate to ensure mixing. Place in a 37 °C incubator for 10 minutes. Store any remaining solution at 2-8°C; it is stable for 10 days after reconstitution refrigerated (2-8°C).
- 5. Add the reconstituted FFA Reagent B to the other the disposable trays provided in the kit. Add 100 μl of FFA Reagent B to each well. Gently shake the plate to ensure mixing. Place in a 37 °C incubator for 10 minutes. Store any remaining solution at 2-8°C; it is stable for 3 weeks after reconstitution refrigerated (2-8°C).

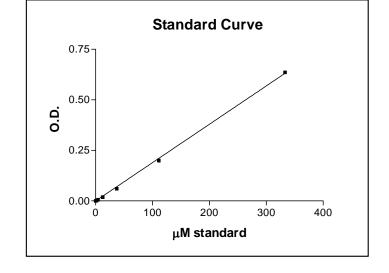
- 6. Allow the plate to equilibrate to room temperature for 5 minutes. During this time, ensure that there are no bubbles in the solution mixture. Use a large gauge needle or clean pipet tip to pop any bubbles as this will result in inaccurate absorbance readings.
- 7. The optical density of each well is then measured at 540 nm.

FATTY ACID STANDARD CURVE

Generate standard curve: see example below [DO NOT use this standard curve to generate your data. This is an example.]

Subtract the OD value of the 0μ M standard from all OD values including the standard curve. Note: 1mM standard is commonly omitted from analysis due to lack of linearity between 333 μ M and 1mM. Optionally, a 4-parameter fit may be used to calculate standard curve.

μM std	OD	OD - zero		
333	0.68	0.636		
111	0.244	0.2		
37	0.104	0.06		
12.3	0.063	0.019		
4.1	0.05	0.006		
1.4	0.046	0.002		
0	0.044	0		



$$y = 0.0019x - 0.0045$$

 $R^2 = 0.9995$

Data are expressed as μM free fatty acids.

OPTION: express data as Fold induction over appropriate vehicle Fold induction = μM free fatty acids SAMPLE μM free fatty acids VEHICLE

The R² value should be equal or greater then 0.98 for the standard curve to be valid. Any R² values below 0.98, must have the standard curve run again.

Appendix A Plate layout:

ェ	G	71	m	D	С	В	>	
								1
								2
								ω
								4
								Sī
								6
								7
								∞
								9
								10
								1
								12

5

Rev. 02/07

Appendix B SFA-2.5 Protocol Flowchart

ON DAY OF ASSAY

Add 5 μ l/well test sample and 45 μ l/well dilution buffer to one of the blank assay plates provided. Add 50 μ l/well diluted standard curve to empty wells



Reconstitute FFA Reagent A using Diluent A. Add 50μ l/well. Incubate 10 minutes @ 37°C.



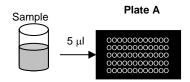
Reconstitute FFA Reagent B using Diluent B. Add 100μ l/well. Incubate 10 minutes @ 37° C.

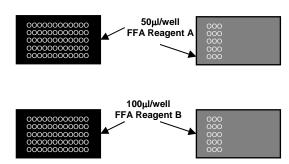


Place at room temp. for 5 minutes. Pop any bubbles in each well using a clean pipet tip or large gauge needle.



Measure the optical density of each well at 540 nm using a spectrophotometer plate reader.





An additional plate may be necessary for the assay of standards if all 96 wells of Plate A are used.